#### Lesson 6-1

## Key Idea

Geometry uses special pictures and symbols to describe ideas about space and location.

### Vocabulary

- point
- line
- line segment
- midpoint
- plane
- ray
- parallel lines
- intersecting lines
  perpendicular lines



# **Geometric Ideas**

## LEARN

# How do you represent basic geometric ideas?

Points, lines, line segments, and rays are basic geometric concepts. Artists, engineers, and architects use these concepts in the development of buildings and structures.

### WARM UP

Which point is associated with the given number on the number line?

$$\begin{array}{c} A & B & C & D \\ \hline 0 & 1 & 2 \end{array}$$
1. 1.5 2. 0.5  
B & A \\
3. 2.5 4. 3 \\ C & D \end{array}



	What You <b>Draw</b>	What You <b>Say</b>	What You <b>Write</b>
A <mark>point</mark> is an exact location in space.	•G	"point G"	G or Point G
A <mark>line</mark> is a straight path of points that goes on forever in two directions.	$\overrightarrow{B}$ C	"line <i>BC</i> "	$\overset{\leftrightarrow}{BC}_{(\text{or } CB)}$
A <mark>line segment</mark> is part of a line. It has two endpoints. Its <b>midpoint</b> is halfway between the endpoints.	T N midpoint	"line segment TN"	$\frac{\overline{TN}}{(\text{or }\overline{NT})}$
A <mark>ray</mark> is part of a line. It has one endpoint and extends forever in only one direction.	, K	"ray <i>JK</i> "	ĪK
A <mark>plane</mark> is an endless flat surface.		"plane <i>LMN</i> "	LMN